# 1322x Network Node

Reference Manual

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# **About This Book**

This manual describes Freescale's 1322x Network Node evaluation board. The 1322x Network Node contains a Freescale third-generation, low power, 2.4 GHz radio frequency transceiver, with 32-bit ARM7 core based MCU, hardware acceleration for both the IEEE Standard 802.15.4 MAC and AES security, and a full set of MCU peripherals into an 99-pin LGA Platform-in-Package (PiP).

## Audience

This manual is intended for system designers.

# Organization

This document is organized into six chapters.

| Chapter 1 | Safety Information — Highlights some of the FCC requirements.                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chapter 2 | 1322x Network Node Module Overview and Description — This chapter introduces 1322x Network Node (NN) which is an IEEE, 802.15.4 compliant evaluation board based on the Freescale MC1322x device. |
| Chapter 3 | System Overview and Functional Block Descriptions — This section provides an overview of the Network Node and block diagrams.                                                                     |
| Chapter 4 | Interface Locations and Pinouts — This chapter provides a description of the interface locations and pinout of the 1322x Network Node circuit board.                                              |
| Chapter 5 | Schematic and Bill of Materials — This chapter provides the schematic, board layout, and Bill of Materials (BOM).                                                                                 |
| Chapter 6 | PCB Manufacturing Specifications — This chapter provides the specifications used to manufacture the 1322x Network Node printed circuit board (PCB).                                               |

# **Revision History**

The following table summarizes revisions to this document since the previous release (Rev 1.4).

### **Revision History**

| Location               | Revision                    |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Chapter 2<br>Chapter 4 | Added dimensions to photos. |

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# Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

The following list defines the acronyms and abbreviations used in this document.

ADC Analog to Digital Converter
AES Advanced Encryption Standard

ARM Advanced RISC Machine

COG Chip on Glass
CTS Clear to Send

DAC Digital to Analog Converter

DMA Direct Memory Access

I2C Inter-Integrated Circuit is a multi-master serial computer bus
ISM Industrial Scientific Medical 2.4 GHz radio frequency band

JTAG Joint Test Action Group LCD Liquid Crystal Display

LGA Land Grid Array

MAC Media Access Controller MCU Microcontroller Unit

NEXUS An embedded processor development tool interface that helps design engineers

identify software and hardware-level issues.

NN Network Node

PCB Printed circuit board
PiP Platform in Package
PWM Pulse-width modulation

RTS Request to Send

SMA Connector Sub Miniature version "A" connector

SPI Serial Peripheral Interface SSI Synchronous Serial Interface

TACT Switch A switch that provides a slight "snap" or "click" to the user to indicate function.

TELCO Telephone Company
USB Universal Serial Bus
VCP Virtual Com Port

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# **Chapter 1 Safety Information**

## 1.1 FCC Guidelines

This equipment is for use by developers for evaluation purposes only and must not be incorporated into any other device or system. This device may not be sold to the general public. Integrators will be responsible for reevaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

FCC approval of this device only covers the original configuration of this device as supplied. Any modifications to this product, including changes shown in this manual, may violate the rules of the Federal Communications Commission and Industry Canada and make operation of the product unlawful.

# 1.2 FCC Labeling

FCC labels are physically located on the back of the board.

## 1.2.1 47 C.F.R. Sec. 15.21

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

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# 1.2.2 47 C.F.R. Sec.15.105(b)

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. The antenna(s) used for this equipment must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 8 inches (20cm) from all persons.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following three conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
- 3. This device is susceptible to electrostatic discharge (ESD) and surge phenomenon.

### 1.2.3 47 C.F.R. Sec.15.203

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

# 1.3 Regulatory Approval For Canada

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003 and RSS 210, Issue 7.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

# 1.4 Disposal Instructions

This product may be subject to special disposal requirements. For product disposal instructions, refer to www.freescale.com/productdisposal.

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# **Chapter 2 1322x Network Node Module Overview and Description**

## 2.1 Introduction

The 1322x Network Node (NN) is an IEEE 802.15.4 compliant evaluation board based on the Freescale MC1322x device. The heart of the 1322x Network Node is Freescale's MC1322x 99-pin LGA Platform-in-Package (PiP) solution that can be used for wireless applications ranging from simple proprietary point-to-point connectivity to complete ZigBee mesh networking. The MC1322x is designed to provide a highly integrated, total solution, with premier processing capabilities and very low power consumption.

The 1322x Network Node provides a platform to evaluate the MC1322x device, develop software and applications, and demonstrate IEEE 802.15.4 and ZigBee networking capabilities. The Network Node surrounds the core device with capabilities that provide a complete 802.15.4 radio, user interface, debugging capabilities, connection to personal computers (PCs) and other devices, and portability.

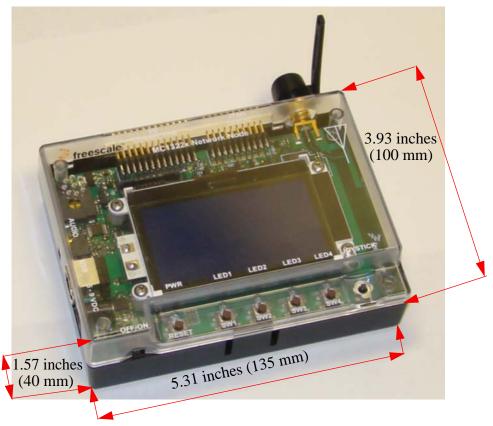


Figure 2-1. 1322x Network Node

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## 2.2 Available Devices

The MC1322x family is available as two part numbers. These device types differ only in their ROM contents, all other device hardware, performance, and specifications are identical:

- MC13224V this is the original version and is the generic part type. It is intended for most IEEE 802.15.4 applications including MAC-based, ZigBee-2007 Profile 1, and ZigBee RF4CE targets.
- MC13226V this is a more recent version and is intended specifically for ZigBee-2007 Profile 2 (Pro) applications. Only the onboard ROM image has been changed to optimize ROM usage for the ZigBee Pro profile and maximize the amount of available RAM for application use -
  - The IEEE MAC/PHY functionality has been streamlined to include only that functionality required by the ZigBee specification. Similar to the MC13224V, the MC13226V does not support the Beaconing or GTS MAC/PHY features. The MAC functionality is 802.15.4 compatible.
  - Certain drivers present in the MC13224 ROM were removed. These were the ADC, LCD\_font, and SSI drivers. These drivers are still available as library functions, but now compile into the RAM space.
  - The Low Level Component (LLC) functionality has also been streamlined for the ZigBee specification

### **NOTE**

The MC1322x Network Node is available with either the MC13224 or the MC13226. The MC13226 version is identified by exception from the MC13224 version. For the MC13226, the node PCB has a special "13226-NCB" label located between the lower part of the LCD and the push button switch array.

## 2.3 Features

The 1322x Network Node provides the following features:

- Full IEEE 802.15.4 compliant wireless node; ZigBee capable with Freescale's BeeStack software stack
- Based on Freescale's third-generation MC1322x ZigBee platform which incorporates a complete, low power, 2.4 GHz radio frequency transceiver, 32-bit ARM7 core based MCU, hardware acceleration for both the IEEE 802.15.4 MAC and AES security, and a full set of MCU peripherals into a 99-pin LGA Platform-in-Package (PiP)
- MC1322x provides a highly integrated, low cost RF node
  - On-board balun and antenna switch in package
  - Typical -95 dBm sensitivity
  - Typical 0 dBm output power, with max approximately +2 dBm
  - SMA connector with external antenna
- USB interface is bus-powered and full-speed compatible to the USB 2.0 and 1.1 specifications
- 128x64 pixel chip-on-glass monochrome, graphic LCD with LED backlight

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- Audio subsystem
  - 2.5mm audio jack for microphone and mono earpiece
  - Input amplifier and anti-aliasing filter for an electret microphone
  - Output path to second order analog filter from either 10-bit serial DAC or PWM as output signal sources
  - I2C controlled 32-position linear nonvolatile volume control for audio circuit
  - Audio output amplifier for both earpiece or on-board dynamic speaker (switched by headset jack)
- Two debug / development interfaces
  - 20-pin connector for standard JTAG debug interface
  - 38-pin MICTOR connector for extended NEXUS real-time debug interface
- Power management circuit with on-board regulation for multiple power sources
  - Can be powered from USB interface, DC power jack or two AA batteries
  - On/Off power switch
  - Power-on green LED
- User interface switches and LEDs
  - 4-directional TACT switch with center push for application purposes
  - 4 pushbuttons for application purposes
  - 4 processor controlled red LEDs for application purposes
  - Reset switch
- 26-pin user header for selected General Purpose Input Output signals and data interfaces
- System clock options
  - Default 24 MHz crystal reference oscillator (13 to 26 MHz crystal optional)
  - Reference oscillator can be driven from an external source
  - Optional 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator for accurate real-time delays

## 2.4 Driver Considerations

When users first plug a 1322x Network Node into the system, they may be prompted to install drivers. If BeeKit is installed and this occurs, do not allow Windows to automatically search for and install the drivers. Instead, select manual installation and steer Windows to the following directory:

C:\Program Files\Freescale\Drivers

If installing the BeeKit software package to another drive or directory, indicate the Drivers directory created by the installer in the custom location where BeeKit was installed.

Follow the instructions as they appear on the screen to complete driver installation.

If BeeKit is not installed, be aware of the following:

 The 1322x Network Node uses the FTDI serial to USB converter, Virtual COM Port (VCP) driver for Windows, available at www.ftdichip.com/ftdrivers.htm..
 (Direct (D2XX) drivers are also available.)

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#### 1322x Network Node Module Overview and Description

- The FTDI web site offers drivers for other platforms including Windows<sup>®</sup> (98 through Vista x64 and CE), MAC OS (8 through X) and Linux.
- Download the appropriate driver and follow the instructions to complete driver installation.

# 2.5 Board Level Specifications

Table 2-1. 1322x Network Node Specifications

| Parameter                        |      |              |                         | Units        | Notes/Conditions                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------------|------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                  | MIN  | TYP          | MAX                     |              |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| General                          |      |              | <u> </u>                | I            |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Size (Enclosure: X, Y, Z)        |      |              | 135x100x40              | mm           |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Size (PCB: X, Y)                 |      |              | 125 x 85<br>4.92 x 3.35 | mm<br>inches |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Layer build (PCB)                |      | 0.8<br>0.032 |                         | mm<br>inches | 4-Layer                                                                                                                                                           |
| Dielectric material (PCB)        |      |              |                         |              | FR4                                                                                                                                                               |
| Power                            | •    |              |                         |              |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Voltage supply (DC)              | 4.4  | 5            | 12                      | V            |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Voltage supply (USB)             | 4.4  | 5            | 5.25                    | V            | USB 2.0/1.1 standard specification                                                                                                                                |
| Voltage supply (Batteries)       |      | 3            | 3.2                     | V            |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Current consumption              |      |              | 100                     | mA           |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Temperature                      |      |              |                         | ·I           |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Operating temperature (see note) | -20  | +25          | +70                     | °C           | The operating temperature is limited to +70°C due to the switches and the monochrome-graphic LCD module. Basic circuit is good for a maximum temperature of +85°C |
| Storage temperature              | -30  | +25          | +70                     | °C           |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| USB interface                    |      |              |                         |              | USB 2.0 and 1.1 full-speed compatible                                                                                                                             |
| Audio                            |      |              |                         | L            | 1                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Audio (Input)                    |      | -40          |                         | dB           | Accepts electret microphone element                                                                                                                               |
| Audio (Output)                   |      |              |                         |              |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Attenuation                      |      |              |                         |              |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| RF                               | 1    |              | 1                       | 1            | 1                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 802.15.4 Frequency range         | 2405 |              | 2480                    | MHz          | All 16 channels in the 2450 MHz band                                                                                                                              |
| Range (outdoor / line of sight)  |      | 300          |                         | Meter        | <1% PER for 20-byte packets (point-to-point in communications with 1322X Sensor Reference Board)                                                                  |

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Table 2-1. 1322x Network Node Specifications

| Parameter                                                           |     |     |            | Units      | Notes/Conditions                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|------------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 802.15.4 Output power                                               | -30 | 0   | +2         | dBm        | Over range of Pout from IC control in 2 dB steps.  Note: On channel 26, output power should not exceed -5 dBm (power setting 0x0E) to meet FCC Part 15 requirements. |
| Harmonics<br>2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonics<br>3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonics |     |     | -30<br>-30 | dBm<br>dBm | Harmonics are compliant to ETSI and FCC regulatory approval standards                                                                                                |
| RF Receiver                                                         |     |     |            | •          |                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 802.15.4 sensitivity                                                | -92 | -95 |            | dBm        | <1% PER for 20-byte packets                                                                                                                                          |
| Regulatory Approval                                                 |     |     |            | •          |                                                                                                                                                                      |
| FCC                                                                 |     |     |            |            | Product is approved accordingly to the FCC part 15 standard                                                                                                          |
| CE (ETSI)                                                           |     |     |            |            | Product is approved accordingly to the EN 300 328 V1.7.1 (2006-10) standard                                                                                          |
| CE (EMC)                                                            |     |     |            |            | Product is approved accordingly to the EN 301 489-1 V1.6.1 (2005-09) and EN 301 489-17 V1.2.1 (2002-08) standards                                                    |
| Safety                                                              |     |     |            | •          |                                                                                                                                                                      |
| UL                                                                  |     |     |            |            | Product is approved accordingly to the IEC 60950-1 and EN 60950-1, First Edition standards                                                                           |
| Environment                                                         |     |     | •          | •          |                                                                                                                                                                      |
| RoHS                                                                |     |     |            |            | Product complies with the EU Directive 2002/95/EC of 27 January 2003                                                                                                 |
| WEEE                                                                |     |     |            |            | Product complies with the EU Directive 2002/95/EC of 27 January 2003                                                                                                 |

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1322x Network Node Module Overview and Description

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# **Chapter 3 System Overview and Functional Block Descriptions**

This section provides an overview of the Network Node and block diagrams.

# 3.1 System Block Diagram

The following is the 1322x Network Node system level block diagram.

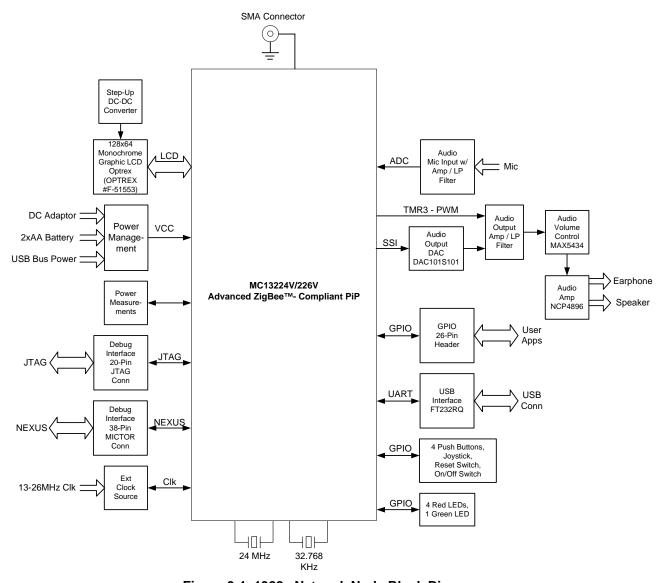


Figure 3-1. 1322x Network Node Block Diagram

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# 3.2 System Overview

The heart of the 1322x Network Node is Freescale's MC1322x 99-pin LGA Platform-in-Package (PiP) solution that can be used for wireless applications ranging from simple proprietary point-to-point connectivity to complete ZigBee mesh networking. The MC1322x is designed to provide a highly integrated, total solution, with premier processing capabilities and very low power consumption.

The MC1322x MCU resources offer superior processing power for ZigBee and IEEE 802.15.4 applications. A full 32-bit ARM7TDMI-S core operates up to 26 MHz. A 128 Kbyte FLASH memory is mirrored into a 96 Kbyte RAM for upper stack and applications software. In addition, an 80 Kbyte ROM is available for boot software, peripheral device drivers, standardized IEEE 802.15.4 MAC and communications stack software. A full set of peripherals and Direct Memory Access (DMA) capability for transceiver packet data complement the processor core.

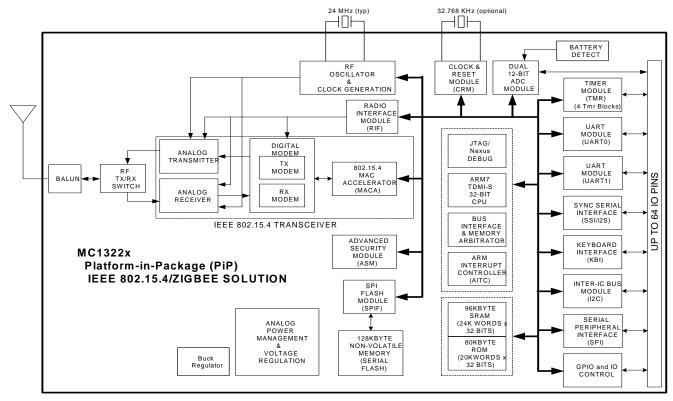


Figure 3-2. MC1322x Block Diagram

On-board peripherals include

- Two dedicated UART modules capable of 2Mbps with CTS/RTS support
- SPI port with programmable master and slave operation
- Keyboard interface capability.
- Two 12-bit analog-to-digital converters (ADCs) with 8 input channels
- Four independent 16-bit timers with PWM capability.
- Inter-integrated circuit (I2C) interface
- Synchronous Serial Interface (SSI) with I2S and SPI capability and FIFO data buffering

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The RF radio interface provides for low cost and high density as shown in Figure 3-3. An onboard balun along with a TX/RX switch allows direct connection to a single-ended  $50-\Omega$  antenna. The integrated PA provides programmable output power typically from -30 dBm to +2 dBm, and the RX LNA provides -95 dBm sensitivity. This solution also has onboard bypass capacitors and crystal load capacitors for the smallest footprint in the industry. All components are integrated into the package except the crystal and antenna.

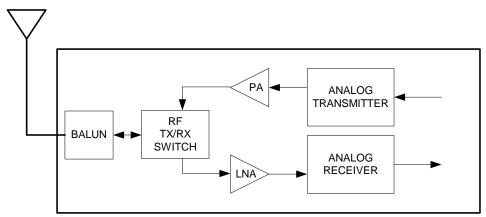


Figure 3-3. MC1322x RF Interface

Augmenting the core device on the Network Node are:

- Low-cost 2.4 GHz ISM Band radio
- 2.0 USB connection
- User interface with pushbuttons, LEDs and 128x64 pixel graphic LCD
- Versatile power sources and management
- Debug / development ports
- Audio subsystem
- GPIO connector for system expansion

Users are encouraged to reference the board schematic for the following sections.

# 3.3 Power Management and Measurement

To allow maximum versatility, the Network Node can be powered via a DC source (typically an AC-DC converter; nominally 5 Vdc), the USB node, or an onboard battery pack with 2 AA alkaline batteries.

- The DC source or USB will automatically shutdown the battery supply.
- The DC source and the USB power are regulated to 3.3 V, however, the raw battery pack voltage directly supplies the circuitry
- All sources are isolated via diodes.
- An on/off switch and a power-on LED are provided (see Section 4.2.2, "On/Off Switch and Power On Indicator").
- Zero-ohm resistors are provided to allow isolation and measurement of various system components (see Section 4.2.3, "Power Measurement")

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## 3.4 Low-cost 2.4 GHz ISM Band radio

The MC1322x provides an onboard balun, antenna switch, and LNA. The only external component required for the radio is an antenna. The Network Node provides a PCB-mounted SMA that connects to an external antenna for a complete solution. Figure 3-4 shows the RF network external to the MC1322x.

- Typical output power is 0 dBm, with +2 dBm max
- Typical sensitivity is -95 dBm.
- Frequency range is 2405 to 2480 MHz
- Typical range (outdoors, line of sight) is 300 meters

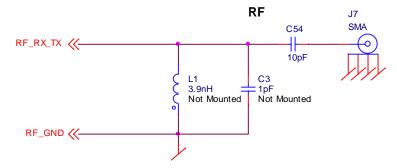


Figure 3-4. Network Node RF Network

The onboard SMA connector is used to mount the provided antenna (see Section 4.3, "RF Circuitry"). The provided antenna must be used to comply with FCC certification.

## 3.5 USB Interface

For many applications or demonstrations it is desirable to connect the Network Node to a PC or other device. A USB port is provided with a USB "B" receptacle plug. The port is connected to a FTDI FT232R USB UART device that appears as a Virtual COM port (VCP) to the PC. PC drivers are available with the module.

The USB interface is configured as a "Bus Powered" device and will therefore draw all required power from the USB interface. The device is USB 2.0 full speed compatible.

## 3.6 User Interface

The Network Node provides multiple means for user interface for both debug and demonstration.

- Four individual pushbuttons can be used as input, and a 4-direction tactile joystick switch with center push is wired in parallel with the individual pushbuttons. These pushbuttons have interrupt generation capability, while the joystick center push does not.
- Four individual LEDs can be used as indicators for debug or status.

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# 3.7 128x64 Pixel Monochrome Graphic LCD Display

The Network Node supports a 128x64 pixel chip-on-glass (COG) STN transmissive monochrome graphic LCD that provides for alpha-numeric or graphic readout. The LCD module is mounted on top of the main circuit board and connects via a flat flex cable (FFC).

- The display is an OPTREX #F-51553GNBJ-LW-AB
- Viewing area is  $66.8 \text{ (W)} \times 35.5 \text{ (H)} \text{ mm}$
- The LCD operates from 5 Vdc generated from the main operating voltage The LCD module requires a highly regulated 5 V so that the high voltages generated onboard the display are consistent.
- The LCD has white LED backlighting with a typical current of 40 mA when full on. The backlighting is switched by a FET and can be modulated to save current and vary the intensity.
- LCD interface to the MCU is via an 4-bit parallel, nibble mode interface
- The onboard controller is a member of the Epson S1D15605 Series family with an integrated display data RAM

# 3.8 Debug/Development Interfaces

There are two separate debug ports (for pinouts see Section 4.7, "Debug/Development Connectors"). A 20-pin connector is provided for a standard JTAG debug interface. This a lower cost option that only requires a simple interface cable to connect to the PC and uses standard ARM software development tools.

A separate 38-pin Mictor connector is uniquely provided on this module to support the extended capability Nexus real-time debug interface for the ARM processor.

# 3.9 Audio Subsystem

The audio subsystem provides means for simple output sounds/tones or for TELCO voice quality audio.

- A 2.5mm stereo jack is provided to interface to a typical telephone-type headset with an electret microphone and a single earphone.
- Audio input The audio input is taken from the headset electret microphone (mic).
  - An onboard 10 k-ohm resistor circuit biases the mic for an ~1 Vdc operating voltage.
  - The mic AC signal is filtered and amplified through a active low-pass filter with a voltage gain of about 30 (~30 dB). The filter topology is a multiple feedback (MFB) 3-pole, linear phase design. The target cutoff frequency is 3.6 kHz. The filter is intended as an anti-aliasing filter for sampled data.
  - The input amplifier output is sampled via the onboard MC1322x ADC. The sampling frequency is programmable.
- Audio output source The audio output can be sourced from both a serial 10-bit DAC and a PWM timer output.
  - The 10-bit serial DAC uses the SSI port to send provide the digital sample data.
  - The PWM timer output is typically modulated to create a Class-D amplifier. Secondarily, a simple 50% duty cycle signal can provide simple tones.

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#### **System Overview and Functional Block Descriptions**

- The audio output source is jumper selectable via J10
- Audio output processing The DAC or PWM out signal is filtered through an active 2-pole LPF.
   From the filter the signal passes through a passive attenuator, and then is amplified and driven to either an on-board speaker or the headset earphone.
  - The attenuator provides a volume control that is controlled via a software programmable, linear 32-tap non-volatile digital potentiometer. The interface to the potentiometer is the I<sup>2</sup>C port.
  - The onboard speaker is automatically disconnected if a headset is plugged-in.

## 3.10 GPIO Connector

The GPIO connector (J2) provides a number of data interfaces and GPIO for external system expansion, Section 4.9, "GPIO Connector" gives details.

- A number of the GPIO are shared with the LCD interface. User should take care to avoid conflict and may have to disable the LCD to use some GPIO or ports.
- Power supply voltage is provided
  - Current draw should be limited to 50 mA.
  - A separate regulated voltage can be enabled.
- Provision is made to supply an external reference clock if desired.

## 3.11 Clocks

The 1322x Network Mode provides for two system clock sources.

- MC1322x Reference Oscillator The default frequency for the reference oscillator is 24 MHz and the mounted crystal X1 is a 24 MHz device that meets MC1322x specifications. There are two additional options for the module
  - X1 can be replaced by 13-26 MHz crystal (it must meet MC1322x specifications), however, the onboard PLL must be used in this case. The PCB provides for PLL filter components, but these are not populated. See the MC1322x Reference Manual for more information on using a non-default reference frequency.
  - An external clock source can be supplied as the reference source (typically 24 MHz). The frequency must accurate to +/-40ppm. The external clock source is supplied through GPIO Connector J2, and crystal X1 must be removed and capacitor C58 mounted (see Chapter 5, "Schematic, Board Layout, and Bill of Material", Sheet 1).
- 32.768 kHz Crystal Oscillator Provision is also made for an optional secondary 32.768 kHz crystal X2. This oscillator can be used for a low power accurate timebase. The module comes without this crystal and its load capacitors C7 and C12 unmounted (see Chapter 5, "Schematic, Board Layout, and Bill of Material", Sheet 1).

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# Chapter 4 Interface Locations and Pinouts

This chapter provides a description of the interface location and pinout of the 1322x Network Node PCB.

## 4.1 Overview

This chapter provides the locations (as shown in Figure 4-1) and descriptions of switches, jumpers, and connectors on the 1322x Network Node PCB. Users should reference the figures in the subsequent sections while moving through this chapter and reference the circuit board schematic in Chapter 5, "Schematic, Board Layout, and Bill of Material", for additional information.

## **NOTE**

The MC13226 version board has a "13226-NCB" label located between the LCD and pushbutton switch array.

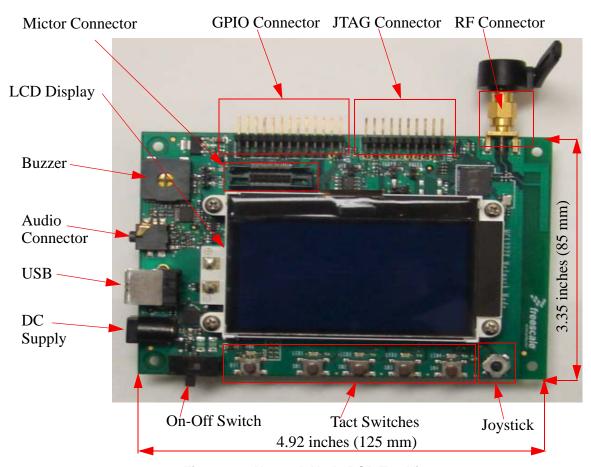


Figure 4-1. Network Node PCB Top View

1322x Network Node Reference Manual, Rev. 1.5

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Interface Locations and Pinouts

# 4.2 Power Management

The module can be powered from the DC power jack, the USB port, or the battery pack.

# 4.2.1 Supply Sources

Table 4-1 lists the supply sources, connectors, and voltages. Board maximum current draw is rated at 100 mA.

Typical Min Max Source Connector **Notes** (Volts) (Volts) (Volts) DC Source J5 4.4 12 Use DC only source. The connector is a 2 mm DC power jack; positive center conductor. USB J6 4.4 5 5.25 Series "B" receptacle connector AA Battery BC1 ~2.0 3 3.2 Two AA cells. Battery pack is automatically disabled by Pack either DC source or USB. Accessible through the door on the bottom of the plastic enclosure.

**Table 4-1. Power Supply Sources** 

## 4.2.2 On/Off Switch and Power On Indicator

The following are used with the power management:

- Switch SW7 4-pole slide switch disconnects all sources
- Green LED D5 indicates power from any source

## 4.2.3 Power Measurement

It is possible to isolate various circuit blocks to measure current draw via 0-ohm resistors. The resistors are all mounted as default.

Below is a list of the supplies.

- R68 -> VCC (Output from on-board regulator)
- R65 -> VBATT (Supply for 1322x)
- R80 -> V\_DIS (Supply for display circuit)
- R43 -> V\_AUD (Supply for audio circuit)
- R64 -> 3V (Output from on-board regulator for GPIO customer access), or alternately, R66 (not mounted) can enable separate regulator U12.

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# 4.3 RF Circuitry

The external antenna is connected via the provided SMA connector (J7).

## **NOTE**

Only the provided Antenova<sup>®</sup> antenna (model Titanus) should be used with this module. This RF design has been certified with this antenna.



Figure 4-2. Antenova® Titanus Model Antenna

# 4.4 USB Connector ("B" Receptacle)

The USB connector is designated as J6. Figure 4-3 shows the connector pinout.

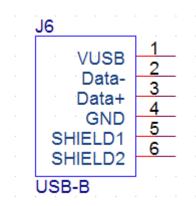


Figure 4-3. USB Connector Pinout

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# 4.5 LEDs, Switch, Buttons and Joystick

The Network Node contains a total four red LEDs and one green LED

- The four red LEDs are driven by the MCU and controlled by the software application.
- As previously stated, the green LED is directly connected to the on-board regulator and acts as a "Power On" indication.

As also previously stated, SW7 is an on/off slide switch that connects the power supplies.

There are five pushbuttons total.

- One pushbutton (SW5) is separate and provides a master hardware Reset.
- Four additional pushbuttons are connected to the MCU GPIO for software application. These buttons all have interrupt generation capability

A joystick (SW6) is also provided.

- The joystick is a 4-direction TACT Switch with Center Push.
- The 4-directional TACT switches are connected in parallel with the four user pushbuttons.
- The center push switch is separate and does not have interrupt generation capability

Table 4-2. Switch and LED Summary

| Item             | GPIO Connection | Feature                                                       |
|------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| PWR (green)      | VCC             | 'Power On' indication                                         |
| LED1 (red)       | KBI_1           | Application specific                                          |
| LED2 (red)       | KBI_2           | Application specific                                          |
| LED3 (red)       | KBI_3           | Application specific                                          |
| LED4 (red)       | TX_ON           | Application specific                                          |
| SW1 (pushbutton) | KBI_4           | Interrupt functionality. In parallel with SW6 (right).        |
| SW2 (pushbutton) | KBI_5           | Interrupt functionality. In parallel with SW6 (down).         |
| SW3 (pushbutton) | KBI_6           | Interrupt functionality. In parallel with SW6 (left).         |
| SW4 (pushbutton) | KBI_7           | Interrupt functionality. In parallel with SW6 (up).           |
| SW5 (RST)        | RESETB          | HW reset                                                      |
| SW6 (right)      | KBI_4           | Interrupt functionality. In parallel with SW1.                |
| SW6 (down)       | KBI_5           | Interrupt functionality. In parallel with SW2.                |
| SW6 (left)       | KBI_6           | Interrupt functionality. In parallel with SW3.                |
| SW6 (up)         | KBI_7           | Interrupt functionality. In parallel with SW4.                |
| SW6 (center)     | KBI_0_HST_WK    | Host wake up output functionality. No interrupt functionality |

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## 4.6 LCD Connector

The LCD module is connected to the main circuit board via a 30-conductor flat flex cable (FFC) with 0.5 mm spacing. The main board connector is an FFC, Right Angle Dip, zero insertion force (ZIF), 30 pin connector (J13).

#### **NOTE**

The LCD connector is a ZIF unit. Be sure to release the connector before trying to connect or disconnect the LCD FFC to the PCB.

# 4.7 Debug/Development Connectors

## 4.7.1 ARM JTAG Interface Connector

The MC1322x supports connection to a subset of the defined ARM JTAG connector. The JTAG interface is a standard 2.54mm/0.1inch spacing, 20-pin debug interface (J1). The 20-pin connector is clearly separated from the GPIO pin header (J2) and located at the rear side of the module. The 20-pin connector has Pin 1 marking for correct plug-in of the development cable.

Table 4-3 shows the device pins that are connected to the associated JTAG header pinouts if the JTAG connector is used.

| Name <sup>1</sup>  | Pin # | Pin# | Name |
|--------------------|-------|------|------|
| VCC                | 1     | 2    | VCC  |
| NC <sup>2</sup>    | 3     | 4    | GND  |
| TDI                | 5     | 6    | GND  |
| TMS                | 7     | 8    | GND  |
| TCK                | 9     | 10   | GND  |
| RTCK               | 11    | 12   | GND  |
| TDO                | 13    | 14   | GND  |
| RESET <sup>3</sup> | 15    | 16   | GND  |
| NC                 | 17    | 18   | GND  |
| NC                 | 19    | 20   | GND  |

Table 4-3. ARM JTAG 20-Pin Connector Assignments (J1)

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NC means No Connect.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MC1322x does not support separate JATG reset TRST.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> VCC through a 100k-ohm pullup.

## 4.7.2 Nexus Mictor Interface Connector

The MC1322x also supports connection to a subset of the defined Nexus Mictor connector. The hardware interface is a 38-pin Mictor 0.64mm/0.025inch spacing target connector (J11). Table 4-4 shows the device pins that are connected to the associated Mictor pinouts. The 38-pin MICTOR connector has a "plug security" to prevent reverse plug-in. J11 is located on the component side of the main board near the GPIO connector. The plastic box cover must be removed to use the Nexus Mictor connection.

Table 4-4. Nexus 38-Pin Mictor Connector Assignments (J11)

| Name <sup>1</sup>         | Pin # | Pin# | Name    |
|---------------------------|-------|------|---------|
| NC                        | 1     | 2    | NC      |
| NC                        | 3     | 4    | NC      |
| NC                        | 5     | 6    | RTCK    |
| NC                        | 7     | 8    | NC      |
| VCC (pullup) <sup>2</sup> | 9     | 10   | EVTI_B  |
| TDO                       | 11    | 12   | VCC3    |
| NC                        | 13    | 14   | RDY_B   |
| TCK                       | 15    | 16   | MDO07   |
| TMS                       | 17    | 18   | MDO06   |
| TDI                       | 19    | 20   | MDO05   |
| RESET <sup>4</sup>        | 21    | 22   | MDO04   |
| NC                        | 23    | 24   | MDO03   |
| NC                        | 25    | 26   | MDO02   |
| NC                        | 27    | 28   | MDO01   |
| NC                        | 29    | 30   | MDO00   |
| NC                        | 31    | 32   | EVTO_B  |
| NC                        | 33    | 34   | MCKO    |
| NC                        | 35    | 36   | MSEO1_B |
| NC                        | 37    | 38   | MSEO0_B |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NC means No Connect.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> VCC through a 100k-ohm pullup.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> VCC isolated by a 1k-ohm resistor.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> VCC through a 100k-ohm pullup.

# 4.8 Audio Subsystem Connections

The audio subsystem uses the following connections:

- 2.5mm stereo jack J12 for headset mic and earphone
- Jumper J10 selects audio output source. See Figure 4-4 for connections.

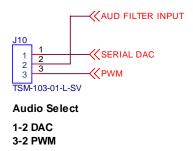


Figure 4-4. J10 Audio Output Source Jumper

# 4.9 **GPIO Connector**

The GPIO connector (J2) is a standard 2.54mm/0.1inch spacing, 26-pin header. The connector provides access to MCU GPIO, an external clock source connection, a timer output, ADC inputs, the SSI port, a UART port, the SPI port, the I<sup>2</sup>C port, and the serial DAC output. Power is also provided on the connector.

- VCC is the main supply voltage. Current draw should be limited to 50 mA.
- CLKIN can be used to supply an external reference clock (nominally 24 MHz). The onboard crystal must be removed and an ac-coupling capacitor added.
- A number of the GPIO are shared with the LCD interface. Best practice is to disable the LCD data interface to used these signals (see Table 4-5 below).
- The serial DAC output is available at the connector. The DAC output should not be selected as the output audio source (J10) when used offboard.

Table 4-5. GPIO Connector J2 Pinouts

| Pin | Name  | Function                                          | Notes                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----|-------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | TMR1  | Timer I/O or GPIO                                 | Hardwired to LCD control output.                                                                                                                                                     |
| 2   | CLKIN | Source for external clock to reference oscillator | <ul> <li>13-26 MHz reference clock with &lt;40 ppm accuracy</li> <li>Onboard crystal must be removed</li> <li>Enable signal to MC1322x by adding C58, 10pF; see schematic</li> </ul> |
| 3   | VCC   | Voltage supply from module                        | 3V output from on-board regulation                                                                                                                                                   |
| 4   | GND   | System ground                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 5   | ADC1  | ADC Analog Input Channel or GPIO                  |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 6   | ADC2  | ADC Analog Input Channel or GPIO                  | Hardwired to LCD data buffer. Use Jumper J14 to disable.                                                                                                                             |
| 7   | ADC3  | ADC Analog Input Channel or GPIO                  | Hardwired to LCD data buffer. Use Jumper J14 to disable.                                                                                                                             |
| 8   | ADC4  | ADC Analog Input Channel or GPIO                  | Hardwired to LCD data buffer. Use Jumper J14 to disable.                                                                                                                             |

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Table 4-5. GPIO Connector J2 Pinouts (continued)

| 9  | ADC5         | ADC Analog Input Channel or GPIO | Hardwired to LCD data buffer. Use Jumper J14 to disable.                             |
|----|--------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10 | DAC_OUT      | Serial DAC Output                | Jumper J10 selects DAC output as audio output source                                 |
| 11 | SSI_TX       | SSI Port or GPIO                 | Hardwired to serial DAC                                                              |
| 12 | SSI_RX       | SSI Port or GPIO                 |                                                                                      |
| 13 | SSI_FSYN     | SSI Port or GPIO                 | Hardwired to serial DAC                                                              |
| 14 | SSI_BITCLK   | SSI Port or GPIO                 | Hardwired to serial DAC                                                              |
| 15 | KBI_0_HST_WK |                                  | Hardwired to "center" on joystick                                                    |
| 16 | KBI_4        |                                  | Hardwired to "right" on joystick and SW1                                             |
| 17 | UART2_TX     | UART2 or GPIO                    |                                                                                      |
| 18 | UART2_RX     | UART2 or GPIO                    |                                                                                      |
| 19 | UART2_RTS    | UART2 or GPIO                    | Hardwired to LCD control output.                                                     |
| 20 | UART2_CTS    | UART2 or GPIO                    | Hardwired to LCD control output.                                                     |
| 21 | I2C_SCL      | I <sup>2</sup> C Port or GPIO    | Hardwired to audio volume circuit. MAX5434L device has I <sup>2</sup> C address 0x50 |
| 22 | I2C_SDA      | I <sup>2</sup> C Port or GPIO    | Hardwired to audio volume circuit. MAX5434L device has I <sup>2</sup> C address 0x50 |
| 23 | SPI_SCK      | SPI Port or GPIO                 | Hardwired to LCD data buffer. Use Jumper J14 to disable.                             |
| 24 | SPI_SS       | SPI Port or GPIO                 | Hardwired to LCD data buffer. Use Jumper J14 to disable.                             |
| 25 | SPI_MOSI     | SPI Port or GPIO                 | Hardwired to LCD data buffer. Use Jumper J14 to disable.                             |
| 26 | SPI_MISO     | SPI Port or GPIO                 | Hardwired to LCD data buffer. Use Jumper J14 to disable.                             |

# 4.10 FLASH Memory Recovery Jumpers and Erase

The MC1322x has an onboard serial FLASH that stores the memory image that gets loaded into RAM at boot. If it becomes necessary to change or update the image in FLASH, there are two possible means of doing so:

- JTAG Debug Port Using the JTAG debug port and the ARM debug tools, the FLASH image can be changed.
- Load new FLASH image via UART1 port -

#### **NOTE**

The 1322x Network Node provides access for UART1 through the USB connection. If users need to use UART1 with Test Tool running on a PC, they must access the UART through the USB port as a virtual COM port.

- The Freescale BeeKit IDE download provides a software tool called "Test Tool". This application runs on a PC and can be used with a client running on the MC1322x to test the platform.
- Test Tool also has the capability to load a new image into the FLASH.

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#### **NOTE**

The FLASH must first be cleared before loading a new image to FLASH.

The 1322x Network Node has two jumper sites (J19 and J20, Figure 4-5) that must be used to erase the FLASH:

- 1. Short Jumper J19 Pin 1 to Pin 2 with a shorting bar.
- 2. Short Jumper J20 Pin 1 to Pin 2 with another shorting bar.
- 3. Turn on power, push the reset button, and wait a few seconds.
- 4. Turn off power.
- 5. Remove the jumper shorting bars.
- 6. The board is now ready for boot operation.

After the FLASH is erased, the module can be loaded with a new image through the USB port using Test Tool. Refer to the *Test Tool User's Guide* as supplied with Test Tool in the BeeKit Wireless Connectivity Toolkit download.

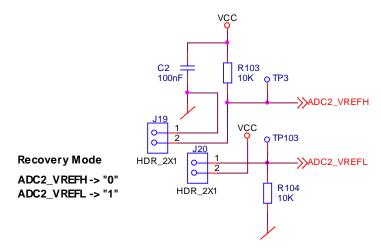


Figure 4-5. FLASH Erase Headers

# 4.11 ADC Voltage References

Two ADC reference voltages are provided:

- The reference voltage for ADC2\_VREFH is tied to VCC which is regulated when the board is supplied from the DC source or the USB port. However, this voltage moves with VCC when power is supplied via the battery source.
- A fixed voltage reference for ADC1\_VREFH is provided (see Figure 4-6).
  - The fixed voltage is 1.5 Vdc.
  - The LM285M (U17) is programmed via R120 and R121 to provide a constant reference
  - The reference can be enabled via Jumper J18.
  - This reference is useful for battery operation where a known, fixed high reference voltage for the ADC is required.

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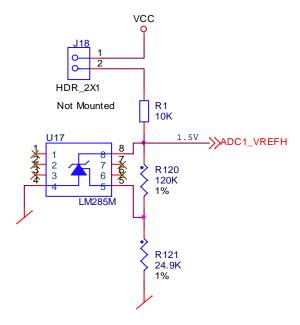


Figure 4-6. ADC Voltage 1.5 Vdc Voltage Reference

# 4.12 Jumper Selection

Table 4-6 lists all the possible jumper selections for the Network Node. The jumpers available on the board are as follows:

- J10 used to select audio output source
- J14 used to disable LCD data buffer if GPIO are used with connector J2 (GPIO Interface)
- J18 Sets fixed ADC reference voltage
- J19, J20 used to clear MC1322x onboard FLASH. See Table 4-6.

**Table 4-6. Network Node Jumper Selection** 

| Pin<br>Header | Pin Number<br>Connection | Description                                                                                      |             |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| J10           | 1-2                      | Connect to enable audio path from DAC                                                            | Not mounted |  |  |
|               | 2-3                      | Connect to enable audio path from PWM                                                            | Mounted     |  |  |
| J14           | 1-2                      | Connect to disable the LCD data bus buffer                                                       | Not mounted |  |  |
| J18           | 1-2                      | Connect to enable ADC 1.5V reference                                                             | Not mounted |  |  |
| J19, J20      | 1-2, 1-2                 | Connect both to recover/clear FLASH. See Section 4.10, "FLASH Memory Recovery Jumpers and Erase" | Not mounted |  |  |

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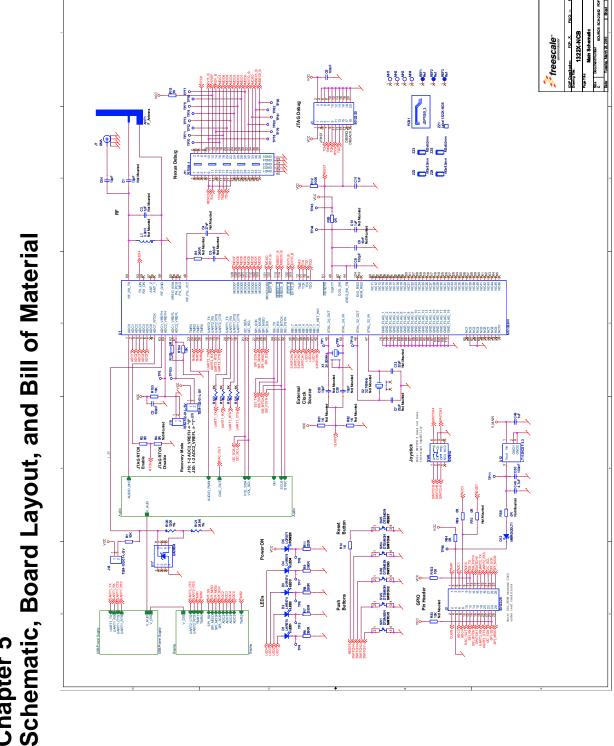
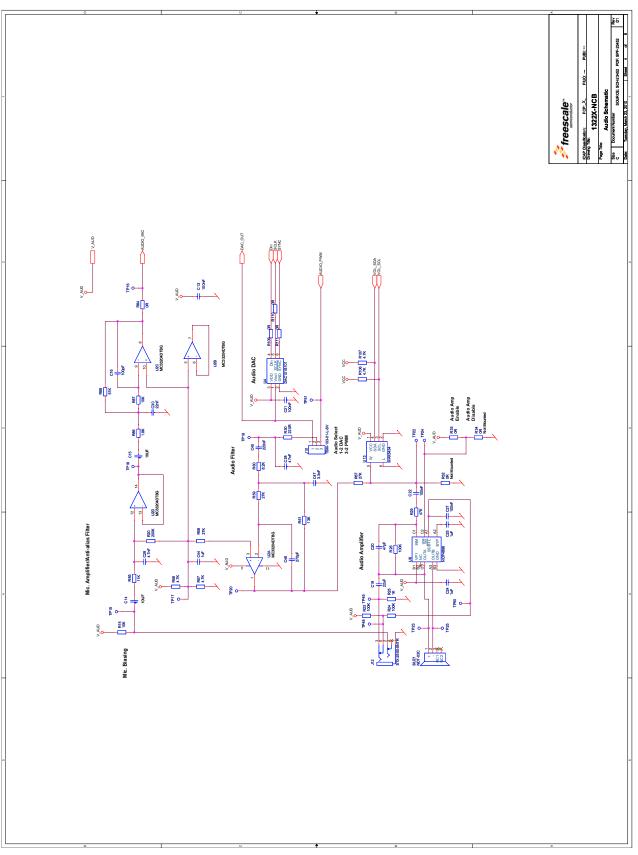


Figure 5-1. Main Schematic (1 of 4)

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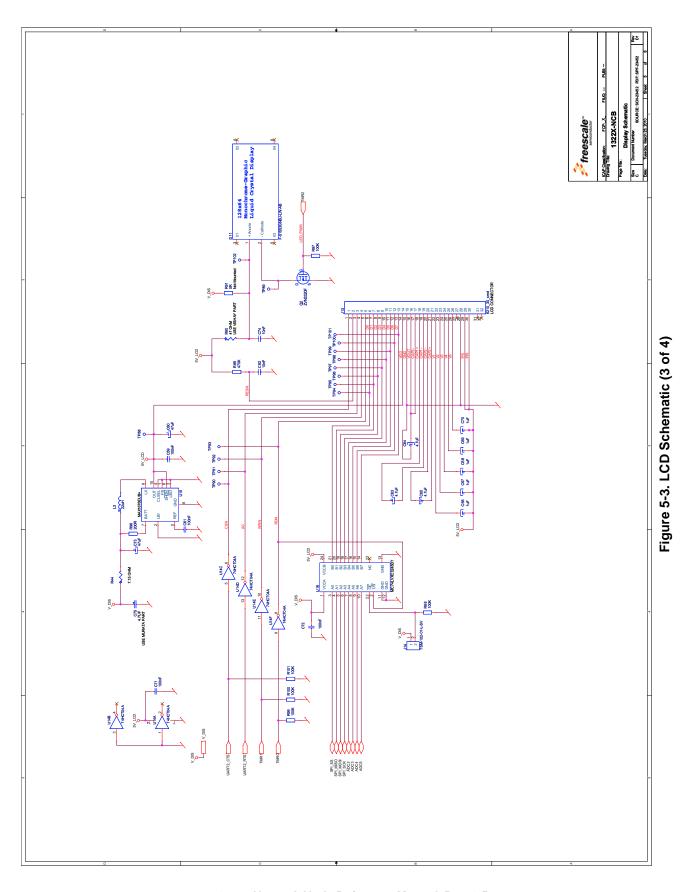
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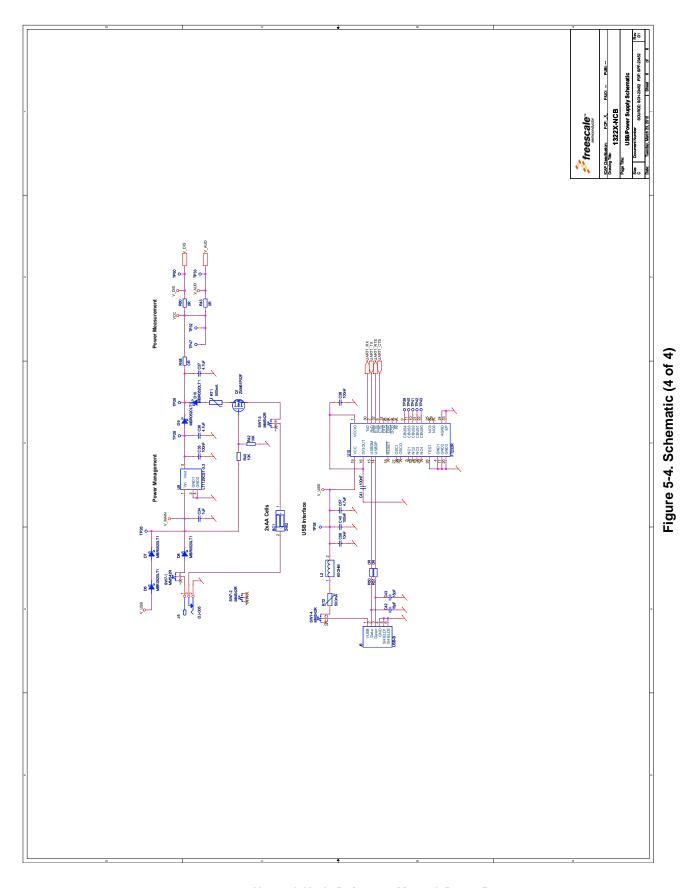
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Figure 5-2. Schematic (2 of 4)



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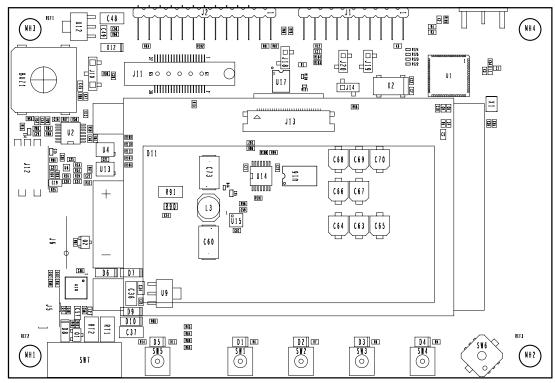


Figure 5-5. Network Node PCB Component Location (Top View)

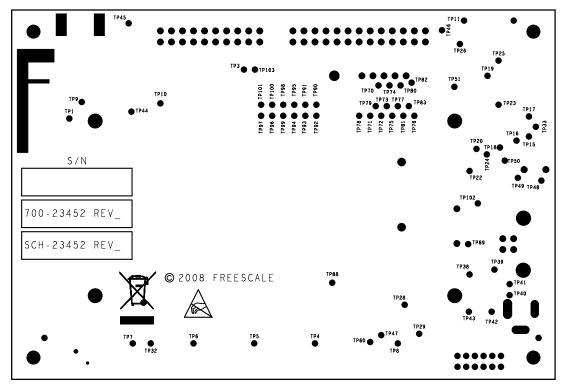


Figure 5-6. Network Node PCB Test Points (Bottom View)

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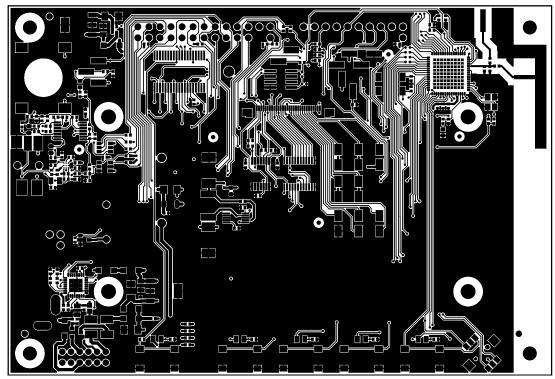


Figure 5-7. Network Node PCB Layout (Top View)

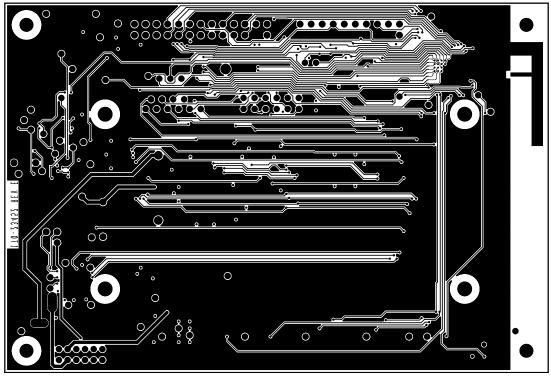


Figure 5-8. Network Node PCB Layout (Bottom View)

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Table 5-1. Bill of Materials

| Qty | Reference                                                                 | Description                              | Value               | Voltage | Tolerance | Manufacturer      | Manufacturer<br>Part Number |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1   | ANT1                                                                      | F_Antenna                                | PCB F<br>ANTENNA    |         |           | NOT A PART        | NOT A PART                  |
| 1   | BUZ1                                                                      | SMD Speaker                              | NDT-03C             |         |           | Star Micronics    | NDT-03C                     |
| 1   | C54                                                                       | Ceramic Capacitor<br>C0G                 | 10pF                | 50V     | 5%        | Murata            | GRM1555C1H10<br>0JZ01       |
| 0   | C1,C55,C58                                                                | Ceramic Capacitor<br>C0G                 | 10pF<br>Not Mounted | 50V     | 5%        | Murata            | GRM1555C1H10<br>0JZ01       |
| 3   | C24,C25,C44                                                               | Ceramic Capacitor<br>X5R                 | 1uF                 | 6.3V    | 10%       | Murata            | GRM155R60J10<br>5KE19B      |
| 0   | C10                                                                       | Ceramic Capacitor<br>X5R                 | 1uF<br>Not Mounted  | 6.3V    | 10%       | Murata            | GRM155R60J10<br>5KE19B      |
| 1   | C11                                                                       | Ceramic Capacitor<br>X7R                 | 1nF                 | 50V     | 10%       | Murata            | GRM155R71H10<br>2KA01D      |
| 2   | C14,C15                                                                   | CAP CER 10UF 6.3V<br>20% X5R 0603        | 10uF                | 6.3V    | 20%       | PANASONIC         | ECJ1VB0J106M                |
| 1   | C19                                                                       | Ceramic Capacitor for smoothing X5R      | 10uF                | 10V     | 10%       | Murata            | GRM21BR61J10<br>6KE19L      |
| 15  | C2,C6,C13,C21,<br>C22,C27,C35,<br>C38,C40,C41,<br>C50,C59,C61,<br>C71,C72 | Ceramic Capacitor<br>X5R                 | 100nF               | 10V     | 10%       | Murata            | GRM155R61A10<br>4KA01D      |
| 1   | C20                                                                       | Ceramic Capacitor<br>C0G                 | 47pF                | 50V     | 5%        | KEMET             | C0402C470J5G<br>AC          |
| 1   | C28                                                                       | Ceramic Capacitor<br>X5R                 | 47nF                | 10V     | 10%       | PANASONIC-E<br>CG | ECJ-0EB1A473K               |
| 1   | C29                                                                       | Ceramic Capacitor<br>X7R                 | 4.7nF               | 25V     | 10%       | MURATA            | GRM155R71E47<br>2KA01       |
| 1   | C30                                                                       | Ceramic Capacitor<br>X7R                 | 22nF                | 25V     | 10%       | MURATA            | GRM155R71E22<br>3KA61D      |
| 0   | C3                                                                        | Ceramic Capacitor<br>C0G                 | 1pF<br>Not Mounted  | 50V     | 0.25pF    | Murata            | GRM1555C1H1<br>R0CZ01D      |
| 2   | C34,C49                                                                   | Ceramic Multilayer<br>Capacitor X7R NoPb | 1uF                 | 16V     | 15%       | Murata            | GRM21BR71C1<br>05           |
| 3   | C36,C37,C48                                                               | Ceramic Multilayer<br>Capacitor X5R      | 4.7uF               | 16V     | 15%       | Phycomp           | 2222 781 13672              |
| 0   | C4                                                                        | Ceramic Multilayer<br>Capacitor X7R      | 27nF<br>Not Mounted | 10V     | 5%        | Vishay            | VJ0402Y273JXQ<br>CW1BC      |
| 2   | C42,C43                                                                   | Ceramic Capacitor<br>C0G                 | 15pF                | 50V     | 5%        | Murata            | GRM1555C1H15<br>0JZ01J      |

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## Schematic, Board Layout, and Bill of Material

Table 5-1. Bill of Materials

| 1 | C45                     | Ceramic Capacitor<br>X7R                             | 220nF                | 10V  | 10%    | Murata              | GRM188R71A22<br>4KA01        |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------|--------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | C46                     | Ceramic Capacitor<br>C0G                             | 270pF                | 50V  | 5%     | Murata              | GRM1555C1H27<br>1JA01        |
| 1 | C47                     | Ceramic Capacitor<br>C0G                             | 3.3nF                | 50V  | 15%    | Murata              | GRM155R71H33<br>2KA01        |
| 0 | C5                      | Ceramic Multilayer<br>Capacitor X7R                  | 180nF<br>Not Mounted | 16V  | 5%     | Vishay              | VJ0603Y184JXJ<br>CW1BC       |
| 1 | C57                     | Ceramic Multilayer<br>Capacitor X5R                  | 4.7uF                | 10V  | 10%    | Murata              | GRM219R61A47<br>5KE34D       |
| 2 | C60,C73                 | Low ESR Tantal<br>Capacitor                          | 47uF                 | 16V  | +/-10% | AVX                 | TPSD476K016R<br>150          |
| 3 | C63,C64,C65             | Aluminum Electrolytic<br>Capacitor low ESR<br>CV-GX  | 4.7uF                | 35V  | 20%    | Sanyo               | 35CV4.7GX                    |
| 5 | C66,C67,C68,<br>C69,C70 | Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor                      | 1uF                  | 50V  | 20%    | Nic<br>Components   | NACE 1R0 M<br>50V 4x5,5 TR13 |
| 0 | C7,C12                  | Ceramic Capacitor<br>C0G                             | 22pF<br>Not Mounted  | 50V  | 5%     | Murata              | GRM1555C1H22<br>0JZ01J       |
| 1 | C75                     | CAP CER 4.7UF 6.3V<br>10% X5R 0603                   | 4.7uF                | 6.3V | 10%    | VENKEL<br>COMPANY   | C0603X5R6R3-4<br>75KNE       |
| 2 | C8,16                   | Ceramic Capacitor<br>C0G                             | 100pF                | 50V  | 5%     | Murata              | GRM1555C1H10<br>1JZ01        |
| 3 | C56,C62,C74             | Ceramic Capacitor<br>X7R                             | 10nF                 | 25V  | 10%    | Murata              | GRM155R71E10<br>3KA01D       |
| 0 | C9                      | Ceramic Capacitor<br>X7R                             | 10nF<br>Not Mounted  | 25V  | 10%    | Murata              | GRM155R71E10<br>3KA01D       |
| 4 | D1,D2,D3,D4             | SMD Red topled                                       | LHR974               |      |        | OSRAM               | Q62702P5182                  |
| 1 | D5                      | SMD Green topled                                     | LGR971               |      |        | OSRAM               | Q65110P5179                  |
| 6 | D6,D7,D8,D9,<br>D10,D12 | SMD Power Schottky<br>Rectifier                      | MBR0520LT1           | 20V  |        | On<br>Semiconductor | MBR0520LT1G                  |
| 1 | J10                     | Single Row Straight<br>Pin Header SMD                | TSM-103-01-<br>L-SV  |      |        | Samtec              | TSM-103-01-L-S<br>V          |
| 1 | J11                     | Mictor, Centerline<br>Matched Impedance<br>Connector | 767054-1             |      |        | AMP                 | 767054-1                     |
| 1 | J12                     | 2.5mm Audio stereo jack with switch                  | STX-2550-<br>5NTR    |      |        | Kycon               | STX-2550-5NTR                |
| 1 | J13                     | FFC Right Angle Dip<br>Zif 30 pin Connector          | 6210_30_<br>smd      |      |        | AVX                 | 08 6210 030 340<br>800       |
| 4 | J14, J18,J19,J20        | Single Row Straight<br>Pin Header SMD                | TSM-102-<br>01-L-SV  |      |        | Samtec              | TSM-102-01-L-S<br>V          |

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## Table 5-1. Bill of Materials

| 0  | J18,J19,J20                                                                   | HDR 1X2 SMT<br>78.7MIL SP 235H AU | HDR_1X2              |      |              | SAMTEC           | TMM-102-01-S-<br>S-SM |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| 0  | L1                                                                            | HF Chip coil                      | 3.9nH<br>Not Mounted |      | 5%           | Murata           | LQG15HS3N9S0<br>2D    |
| 1  | L2                                                                            | Chip Ferrite Bead                 | 500mA                |      |              | Murata           | BLM11P600Sxx          |
| 1  | L3                                                                            | SMD power inductor                | 22uH                 |      | 20%          | Coilcraft        | DO1608C-223L<br>C     |
| 1  | Q1                                                                            | P-channel MOSFET                  | ZXM61P02F            | 20V  |              | Zetex            | ZXM61P02F             |
| 1  | Q2                                                                            | N-Chanel<br>Enhancement<br>MOSFET | ZVN3320F             | 200V |              | Zetex            | ZVN3320FTA            |
| 15 | R3,R33,R43,<br>R50,R51,R64,<br>R65,R68,R69,<br>R80,R84,R105,<br>R109,R110,R11 | Fixed resistor RC31               | 0R                   | 50V  | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips          | 2322 705 91002        |
| 0  | R4,R32,R34,R66<br>,R70,R91                                                    | Fixed resistor RC31               | 0R<br>Not Mounted    | 50V  | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips          | 2322 705 91002        |
| 2  | R11,R30                                                                       | Fixed resistor RC31               | 220R                 | 50V  | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips          | 2322 705 50221        |
| 9  | R12,R23,R24,<br>R26,R97,R98,<br>R99,R100,R101                                 | Fixed resistor RC31               | 100K                 | 50V  | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips          | 2322 705 50104        |
| 3  | R13,R14,R25                                                                   | Fixed resistor RC31               | 1K                   | 50V  | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips          | 2322 705 50102        |
| 0  | R81,R82                                                                       | Fixed resistor RC31               | 1K<br>Not Mounted    | 50V  | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips          | 2322 705 50102        |
| 4  | R56,R57,R106,<br>R107                                                         | Fixed resistor RC31               | 4.7K                 | 50V  | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips          | 2322 705 50472        |
| 9  | R1,R15,R40,<br>R42,R44,R87,<br>R102,R103,<br>R104                             | Fixed resistor RC31               | 10K                  | 50V  | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips          | 2322 705 50103        |
| 1  | R44                                                                           | Fixed resistor RC31               | 7R15                 |      | 0.063W<br>1% | KOA SPEER        | RK73H1ETTP7R<br>15F   |
| 0  | R83                                                                           | Fixed resistor RC31               | 10K<br>Not Mounted   | 50V  | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips          | 2322 705 50103        |
| 1  | R20                                                                           | Fixed resistor RC31               | 200K                 | 50V  | 0,063W<br>2% | YAGEO<br>AMERICA | RC0402JR-0720<br>0KL  |
| 1  | R29                                                                           | Fixed resistor RC31               | 47K                  | 50V  | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips          | 2322 705 50473        |
| 0  | R5                                                                            | Fixed resistor RC31               | 240R<br>Not Mounted  | 50V  | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips          | 2322 705 50241        |

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## Schematic, Board Layout, and Bill of Material

Table 5-1. Bill of Materials

| 3 | R58,R59,R67             | Fixed resistor RC31                                  | 27K                        | 50V   | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips                        | 2322 705 50273             |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|--------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 4 | R6,R7,R8,R9             | Fixed resistor RC31                                  | 390R                       | 50V   | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips                        | 2322 705 50391             |
| 1 | R60                     | Fixed resistor RC31                                  | 8.2K                       | 50V   | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips                        | 2322 705 50822             |
| 1 | R61                     | Fixed resistor RC31                                  | 13K                        | 50V   | 0.063W<br>2% | Philips                        | 2322 705 50133             |
| 1 | R85                     | Fixed resistor RC32                                  | 11K                        | 50V   | 0.063W       | KOA SPEER                      | RK73H1ETTP11<br>02F        |
| 1 | R86                     | Fixed resistor RC33                                  | 1.8K                       | 50V   | 0.063W       | KOA SPEER                      | RK73H1ETTP18<br>01F        |
| 1 | R88                     | Fixed resistor RC34                                  | 51K                        | 200V  | 0.063W       | KOA SPEER                      | RK73H1ETTP51<br>02F        |
| 1 | R89                     | RESISTOR RC31                                        | 470K                       | 100V  | 1/16W<br>5%  | YAGEO<br>AMERICA               | RC0402JR-0747<br>0KL       |
| 1 | R96                     | RESISTOR                                             | 200 OHM                    |       | 0.063W       | VISHAY/DALE                    | CRCW0402200<br>RJNED       |
| 1 | R90                     | RES MF 47 OHM<br>1/4W 5% 1206                        | 47 OHM                     |       | 1/4W<br>5%   | BOURNS                         | CR1206-JW-470<br>ELF       |
| 1 | R120                    | RES MF 120K 1/16W<br>1% 0402                         | 120K                       |       | 1/16W<br>1%  | KOA SPEER                      | RK73H1ETTP12<br>03F        |
| 1 | R121                    | RES MF 24.9K 1/16W<br>1% 0402                        | 24.9K                      |       | 1/16W<br>1%  | KOA SPEER                      | RK73H1ETTP24<br>92F        |
| 4 | R122,R123,<br>R124,R125 | RES MF 1.0K 1/16W<br>5% 0402                         | 1K                         |       | 1/16W<br>5%  | VISHAY<br>INTERTECH-<br>NOLOGY | CRCW04021K00<br>JNED       |
| 2 | RT1,RT2                 | Polyswitch<br>Overcurrent<br>Protection Device       | 500mA                      | 13.2V |              | Tyco<br>Electronics            | microSMD050F               |
| 5 | SW1,SW2,SW3,<br>SW4,SW5 | SMD Tact Switch 2.6N (7.0mm)                         | DTSM63N                    |       |              | Diptronic                      | DTSM-63N-V-B               |
| 1 | SW6                     | 4-directional TACT switch with center push SMD       | SKRHA                      |       |              | ALPS                           | SKRHAAE010                 |
| 1 | SW7                     | Miniature Slide Switch<br>4 pole                     | MMS42R                     |       |              | APEM                           | MMS42R                     |
| 1 | U1                      | ZigBee Wireless<br>Transceiver and<br>ARM7 processor | MC13224V<br>or<br>MC13226V |       |              | Freescale                      | MC13224V<br>or<br>MC13226V |
| 1 | U10                     | USB UART, PB-free                                    | FT232R                     |       |              | FTDI                           | FT232RQ                    |

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## Table 5-1. Bill of Materials

| 1 | U13    | Digitally Controled<br>Potentiometer,<br>50Kohm                   | MAX5434                  |         | Maxim                          | MAX5434LEZT+<br>T                                                      |
|---|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | U14    | Hex inverter                                                      | 74HCT04A                 |         | On<br>Semiconductor            | MC74HCT04AD<br>TR2G                                                    |
| 1 | U15    | Low supply current<br>Step-up DC-DC<br>Converter with<br>shutdown | MAX1676                  |         | Maxim                          | MAX1676EUB+-<br>ND                                                     |
| 1 | U16    | Low Voltage CMOS<br>Octal Bidirectional<br>Transceiver            | 74LCX245                 |         | On<br>Semiconductor            | MC74LVXC3245<br>DTG                                                    |
| 1 | U2     | Dual Low voltage<br>Op-Amp                                        | MC33202                  |         | On<br>Semiconductor            | MC33204DTBG                                                            |
| 1 | U4     | 10-bit Low Power DAC with rail to rail output                     | DAC101S101               |         | National<br>Semiconductor<br>s | DAC101S101CI<br>MK-NoPB                                                |
| 1 | U6     | Audio class AB amplifier, 1,0W                                    | NCP4896                  |         | On<br>Semiconductor            | NCP4896FCT1G                                                           |
| 2 | U9,U12 | LDO voltage regulator 3V3                                         | LT1129CST-<br>3.3        |         | Linear<br>Technology           | LT1129CST-3.3                                                          |
| 1 | U17    | IC VREG ADJ<br>1.24-5.3V 20MA<br>SOIC8                            | LM285M                   |         | NATIONAL<br>SEMICONDUC<br>TOR  | LM285M/NOPB                                                            |
| 1 | X1     | Crystal SMD                                                       | 24.00MHz                 | +-10ppm | NDK                            | EXS00A-CS020<br>20 (24MHz<br>NX3225SA) (for<br>OA/AV and<br>Bluetooth) |
| 0 | X2     | Crystal SMD                                                       | 32.768kHz<br>Not Mounted | +-20ppm | Abracon                        | ABS25-32.768-1<br>2.5-2-T                                              |
| 1 | D11    | 128x64 pixel<br>monochrome display<br>w. LED backlight            | F-51553GNB<br>J-LW-AB    |         | Optrex                         | F-51553GNBJ-L<br>W-AEN                                                 |
| 1 | BC1    | PCB Battery Holder<br>2xAA                                        | 2462                     |         | Keystone                       | 2462                                                                   |
| 1 | J1     | Dual Row Right Angle<br>pin header 0.38um<br>gold                 | 90122-20                 |         | Molex                          | 90122-0770                                                             |
| 1 | J2     | Dual Row Right Angle<br>pin header 0.38um<br>gold                 | 90122-26                 |         | Molex                          | 90122-0773                                                             |
| 1 | J5     | DC Power Jack PCB,<br>2mm                                         | DJ-005                   |         | Taitek                         | 2DC-0005-D100                                                          |

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## Schematic, Board Layout, and Bill of Material

## Table 5-1. Bill of Materials

| 1 | J6 | USB-series "B" receptacle                                           | USB-B |  | AMP                   | 292304-1     |
|---|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--|-----------------------|--------------|
| 1 | J7 | Straight SMA<br>Receptacle for PCB<br>edge mounting<br>(0.79mm PCB) | SMA   |  | Johnson<br>Components | 142-0701-881 |

# **Chapter 6 PCB Manufacturing Specifications**

This chapter provides the specifications used to manufacture the 1322x Network Node printed circuit board (PCB).

The 1322x Network Node PCB must comply with the following:

- The PCB must comply with Perfag10/3C (http://www.perfag.dk/Uk/ukindex.htm)
- The PCB manufacturer's logo is required
- The PCB production week and year code is required
  - The manufacturer's logo and week/year code must be stamped on the back of the PCB solder mask
  - The PCB manufacturer can not insert text on the PCB either in copper or in silkscreen without written permission from Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.
- The required Underwriter's Laboratory (UL) Flammability Rating
  - The level is 94V-0 (http://www.ul.com/plastics/flame.html)
  - The UL information must be stamped on the back of the PCB solder mask

#### **NOTE**

- A complete set of design files is available the 1322x Network Node at the Freescale web site (http:www.freescale.com/802154) under reference designs. It is recommended that this design or one of a number of other reference designs be used as a starting point for a custom application.
- The Freescale IEEE 802.15.4 / ZigBee Package and Hardware Layout Considerations Reference Manual, Document Number: ZHDCRM is also available at the same web site to provide additional design guidance.

# 6.1 Single PCB Construction

This section describes individual PCB construction details.

- The PCB is a four-layer, multi-layer design
- The PCB contains no blind, buried, or micro vias
- PCB data:
  - Size: Approximately 125 x 85 mm (4.92 x 3.35 inches)
  - Final thickness (Cu/Cu): 0.864 mm (0.032 inches) +/- 10% (excluding solder mask)

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#### **PCB Manufacturing Specifications**

• The following table defines each layer of the completed PCB. The artwork identification refers to the name of the layer in commonly used terms.

| Layer | Artwork Identification | File Name |
|-------|------------------------|-----------|
| 1     | Solder Resist          | MASK1.art |
| 2     | Copper Top Layer       | ASSY1.art |
| 3     | Copper Layer 2         | ASSY2.art |
| 4     | Copper Layer 3         | ASSY3.art |
| 5     | Copper bottom Layer    | ASSY4.art |
| 6     | Solder Resist          | MASK4 art |

Table 6-1. Layer by Layer Overview

## **NOTE**

The 1322x Network Node contains high frequency 2.4 GHz RF circuitry. As a result, RF component placement, line geometries and layout, and spacing to the ground plane are critical parameters. As a result, BOARD STACKUP GEOMETRY IS CRITICAL. Dielectric and copper thicknesses and spacing must not be changed; follow the stackup (see Figure 6-1) information as provided with the reference design.

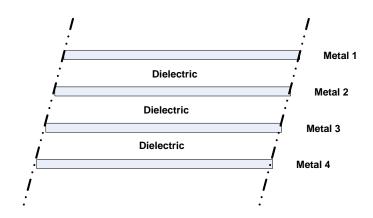


Figure 6-1. PCB Stackup Cross-Section

- Solder mask is required
- Silk screen is required

# 6.2 Panelization

The panel size can be negotiated depending on production volume.

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## 6.3 Materials

The PCB composite materials must meet the following requirements:

- Laminate The base laminate material (laminate) must be FR4. If the laminate material were changed the RF electrical characteristics may change and degrade RF performance.
- Copper Foil -
  - Top and Bottom copper layers must be 1 oz. copper
  - Interior layers must be 1/2 oz. copper
- Plating All pad plating must be Hot Air Levelling (HAL)

## 6.4 Solder Mask

The solder mask must meet the following requirements:

- Solder mask type: Liquid Film Electra EMP110 or equivalent
- Solder mask thickness: 10 30 μm

## 6.5 Silk Screen

The silk screen must meet the following requirements:

- Silkscreen color: White
- Silkscreen must be applied after application of solder mask if solder mask is required
- The silkscreen ink must not extend into any plated-thru-holes
- The silk screen must be clipped back to the line of resistance

# 6.6 Electrical PCB Testing

- All PCBs must be 100 percent tested for opens and shorts
- Impedance Measurement An impedance measurement report is not mandatory

# 6.7 Packaging

Packaging for the PCBs must be the following requirements:

- Finished PCBs must remain in panel
- Finished PCBs must be packed in plastic bags that do not contain silicones or sulphur materials. These materials can degrade solderability.

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# 6.8 Hole Specification/Tool Table

See the ncdrill-1-4.tap file included with the Gerber files and the FAB-23452.pdf file.

# 6.9 File Description

Files included with the download include Design, Gerber and PDF files.

Gerber files are RS-374x format. Not all files included with the Gerber files are for PCB manufacturing.

PDF files included are assembly drawings (ASSYx), board fabrication drawing (FAB-23452), the two metal layers (LAYx), solder mask (MASKx), solder paste (PASTE1) and silk screen (SILKx). The schematic is SPF-23452\_REV\_x.

Design files are in Allegro format with OrCAD schematic capture.